The Honorable André Carson - Page 3

includes over \$700 million in broadband-related funding – a milestone that has been achieved a full three months faster than in the previous funding year.

E-rate modernization is one of the most important issues before the Commission today. We have an opportunity to make a real difference in the lives of millions of students. Thank you again for your very helpful recommendations. I look forward to working with you toward our mutual goal of increased access to high-speed broadband in our nation's schools.

Sincerely



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Ami Bera U.S. House of Representatives 1408 Longworth House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Bera:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

I am especially concerned about the lack of robust Wi-Fi in schools and libraries. Unfortunately, nearly 60% of schools in America lack sufficient Wi-Fi to provide their students and teachers with modern educational tools, and far too many schools simply have no Wi-Fi at all. The current E-rate program rules are simply not set up to meet this challenge. In the most recent funding year, no E-Rate funding was allocated to Wi-Fi. In previous years, when funds were available, E-Rate supported internal connections like Wi-Fi to less than 10 percent of schools and just one percent of libraries, with rural schools consistently receiving a very small percentage of funding for in-classroom connectivity. This is unacceptable.

In addition to rethinking how we provide support for Wi-Fi, we also need to address funding levels. Just last week I received a letter from 106 organizations calling for an increase in E-rate spending and noting that "the program has effectively been shortchanged by not having any CPI [consumer price index] increase for the first fourteen years of the program." Others have also called for an inflation adjustment to the program's budget. Had such a rule been in place when the program was launched, the Commission would provide approximately \$3.25 billion in E-rate support in the upcoming funding year. I am pleased to say that, due to efforts of the Commission's staff this year in improving the overall management and administration of the E-rate program, funds will be made available that can be put to use to enable the Commission to provide more than that CPI-adjusted level of funding in 2015. As I announced earlier this year, using these already collected funds, the Commission will invest an additional \$2 billion in broadband for schools and libraries while continuing to assess the long-term funding needs of the program.

As a first step, I believe we should put those resources to work now to meet our educators' pent-up demand for upgrading Wi-Fi. But how and when we put those resources to work is very important. According to internal staff estimates, allocating an additional \$1 billion to Wi-Fi next year without updated program rules will allow us to reach fewer than 4 million students, mostly in urban areas. With modernized rules for internal connections, however, E-Rate could help over 10 million students connect to Wi-Fi in their classrooms, including many in rural areas. It would also support Wi-Fi deployment in substantially more libraries than in the past. But timing is critical. Practically speaking, to have an impact in the 2015 school year, the Commission will need to act this summer to adopt new rules. If we don't move quickly on new rules, we will miss the opportunity for Wi-Fi to have its greatest impact in the coming funding year.

The Honorable Ami Bera - Page 3

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E-rate modernization is one of the most important issues before the Commission today. We have an opportunity to make a real difference in the lives of millions of students. Thank you again for your very helpful recommendations. I look forward to working with you toward our mutual goal of increased access to high-speed broadband in our nation's schools.

Sincerely



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Adam Kinzinger
U.S. House of Representatives
1221 Longworth House Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Kinzinger:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

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The Honorable Adam Kinzinger - Page 3

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Sincerely



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Don Young U.S. House of Representatives 2314 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Young:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

I am especially concerned about the lack of robust Wi-Fi in schools and libraries. Unfortunately, nearly 60% of schools in America lack sufficient Wi-Fi to provide their students and teachers with modern educational tools, and far too many schools simply have no Wi-Fi at all. The current E-rate program rules are simply not set up to meet this challenge. In the most recent funding year, no E-Rate funding was allocated to Wi-Fi. In previous years, when funds were available, E-Rate supported internal connections like Wi-Fi to less than 10 percent of schools and just one percent of libraries, with rural schools consistently receiving a very small percentage of funding for in-classroom connectivity. This is unacceptable.

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As a first step, I believe we should put those resources to work now to meet our educators' pent-up demand for upgrading Wi-Fi. But how and when we put those resources to work is very important. According to internal staff estimates, allocating an additional \$1 billion to Wi-Fi next year without updated program rules will allow us to reach fewer than 4 million students, mostly in urban areas. With modernized rules for internal connections, however, E-Rate could help over 10 million students connect to Wi-Fi in their classrooms, including many in rural areas. It would also support Wi-Fi deployment in substantially more libraries than in the past. But timing is critical. Practically speaking, to have an impact in the 2015 school year, the Commission will need to act this summer to adopt new rules. If we don't move quickly on new rules, we will miss the opportunity for Wi-Fi to have its greatest impact in the coming funding year.

The Honorable Don Young - Page 3

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Sincerely,



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Debbie Wasserman Schultz U.S. House of Representatives 118 Cannon House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congresswoman Wasserman Schultz:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

I am especially concerned about the lack of robust Wi-Fi in schools and libraries. Unfortunately, nearly 60% of schools in America lack sufficient Wi-Fi to provide their students and teachers with modern educational tools, and far too many schools simply have no Wi-Fi at all. The current E-rate program rules are simply not set up to meet this challenge. In the most recent funding year, no E-Rate funding was allocated to Wi-Fi. In previous years, when funds were available, E-Rate supported internal connections like Wi-Fi to less than 10 percent of schools and just one percent of libraries, with rural schools consistently receiving a very small percentage of funding for in-classroom connectivity. This is unacceptable.

In addition to rethinking how we provide support for Wi-Fi, we also need to address funding levels. Just last week I received a letter from 106 organizations calling for an increase in E-rate spending and noting that "the program has effectively been shortchanged by not having any CPI [consumer price index] increase for the first fourteen years of the program." Others have also called for an inflation adjustment to the program's budget. Had such a rule been in place when the program was launched, the Commission would provide approximately \$3.25 billion in E-rate support in the upcoming funding year. I am pleased to say that, due to efforts of the Commission's staff this year in improving the overall management and administration of the E-rate program, funds will be made available that can be put to use to enable the Commission to provide more than that CPI-adjusted level of funding in 2015. As I announced earlier this year, using these already collected funds, the Commission will invest an additional \$2 billion in broadband for schools and libraries while continuing to assess the long-term funding needs of the program.

As a first step, I believe we should put those resources to work now to meet our educators' pent-up demand for upgrading Wi-Fi. But how and when we put those resources to work is very important. According to internal staff estimates, allocating an additional \$1 billion to Wi-Fi next year without updated program rules will allow us to reach fewer than 4 million students, mostly in urban areas. With modernized rules for internal connections, however, E-Rate could help over 10 million students connect to Wi-Fi in their classrooms, including many in rural areas. It would also support Wi-Fi deployment in substantially more libraries than in the past. But timing is critical. Practically speaking, to have an impact in the 2015 school year, the Commission will need to act this summer to adopt new rules. If we don't move quickly on new rules, we will miss the opportunity for Wi-Fi to have its greatest impact in the coming funding year.

The Honorable Debbie Wasserman Schultz - Page 3

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E-rate modernization is one of the most important issues before the Commission today. We have an opportunity to make a real difference in the lives of millions of students. Thank you again for your very helpful recommendations. I look forward to working with you toward our mutual goal of increased access to high-speed broadband in our nation's schools.

Sincerely,



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Juan Vargas U.S. House of Representatives 1605 Longworth House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Vargas:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

I am especially concerned about the lack of robust Wi-Fi in schools and libraries. Unfortunately, nearly 60% of schools in America lack sufficient Wi-Fi to provide their students and teachers with modern educational tools, and far too many schools simply have no Wi-Fi at all. The current E-rate program rules are simply not set up to meet this challenge. In the most recent funding year, no E-Rate funding was allocated to Wi-Fi. In previous years, when funds were available, E-Rate supported internal connections like Wi-Fi to less than 10 percent of schools and just one percent of libraries, with rural schools consistently receiving a very small percentage of funding for in-classroom connectivity. This is unacceptable.

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The Honorable Juan Vargas - Page 3

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Sincerely,



June 16, 2014

The Honorable David Scott U.S. House of Representatives 225 Cannon House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Scott:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

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The Honorable David Scott - Page 3

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Sincerely



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Kurt Schrader U.S. House of Representatives 108 Cannon House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Schrader:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

Since its creation as part of the 1996 Telecommunications Act, the E-Rate program has provided crucial support to meet the technology needs of schools and libraries. But just as technology and teaching have evolved over the past two decades, so too must E-Rate. The technology tools that supported the educational needs of the Class of 1998 bear virtually no resemblance to those the Classes of 2015 and beyond need to succeed in the 21st Century.

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The Honorable Kurt Schrader - Page 3

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Sincerely,



June 16, 2014

The Honorable Brad Schneider U.S. House of Representatives 317 Cannon House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Schneider:

Thank you for sharing your views on the importance of modernizing the E-Rate program to provide high-speed broadband to and within all of our nation's schools and libraries. I agree with each of the recommendations in your letter and hope to soon be able to adopt an Order beginning the process of E-rate modernization consistent with the approach you have outlined.

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The Honorable Brad Schneider - Page 3

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